

B.Tech. Degree I Semester Examination in Marine Engineering December 2019

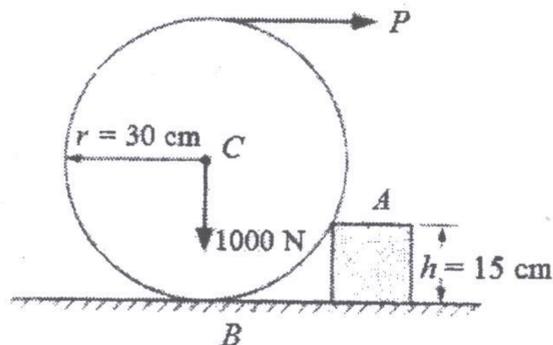
19-208-0104 ENGINEERING MECHANICS
(2019 Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

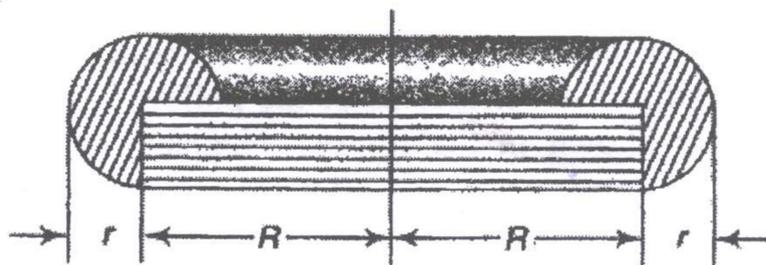
(5 × 15 = 75)

- I. (a) A circular roller of radius $r=30\text{cm}$ and weight $Q=1000\text{ N}$ is to be pulled over a rectangular block of height 15cm by a horizontal force P as shown in figure. Find the force P as the roller is about to roll over the block.



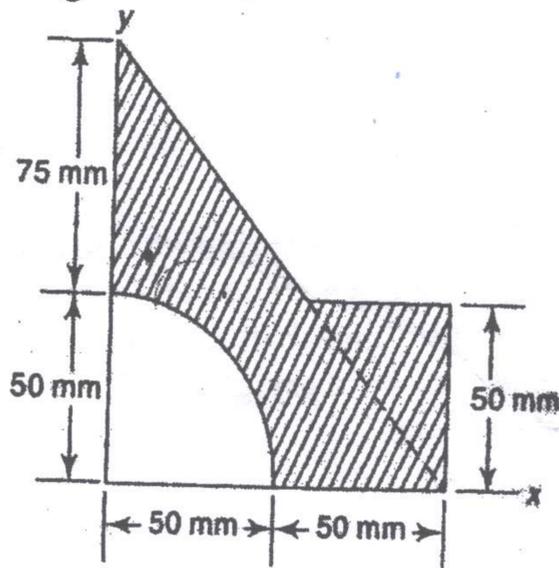
(6)

- (b) Using the second theorem of Pappus, calculate the volume of the ring shown in the figure if $R=250\text{ mm}$, $r=100\text{ mm}$.



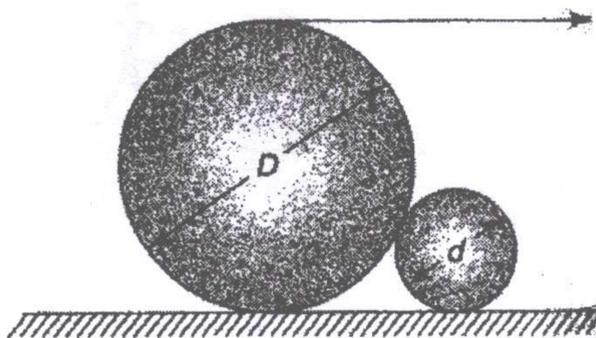
OR

- II. (a) With respect to the coordinate axes x and y , locate the centroid of the shaded area shown in figure below:



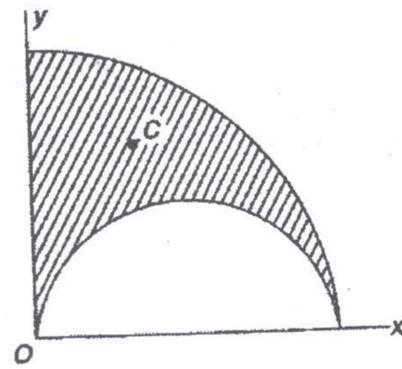
(8)

- (b) Two heavy right circular rollers of diameters D and d , respectively, rest on a rough horizontal plane, as shown in figure. The larger roller has a string wound around it to which a horizontal force P can be applied as shown. Assuming that the coefficient of friction μ has the same value for all surfaces of contact, determine the necessary condition under which the large roller can be pulled over the small one.



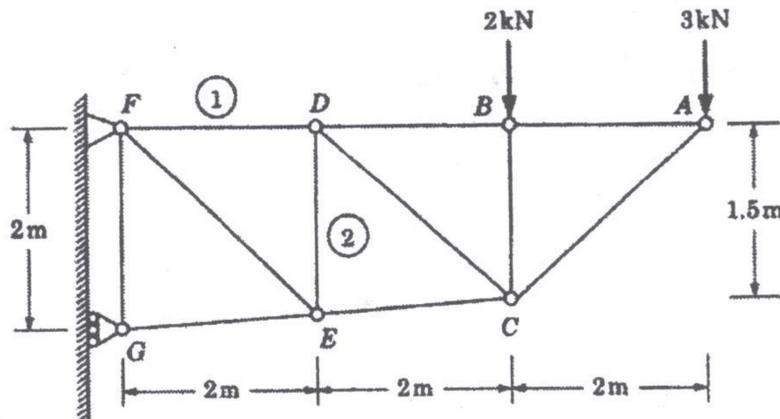
(P.T.O.)

- III. (a) State and prove theorem of parallel axis. (5)
 (b) Find the moments of inertia about the centroidal axes of the shaded area obtained by cutting a semicircle of diameter a from the quadrant of a circle of radius 10 cm as shown in figure. (10)

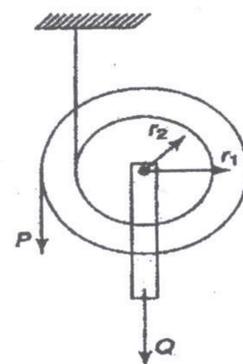


OR

- IV. (a) Determine the axial force in each of the bars 1,2 of the plane truss in figure shown below: (9)

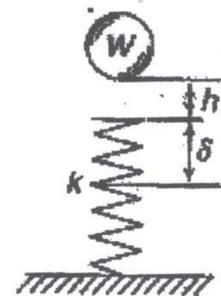


- (b) The pulley arrangement shown in figure is used for hoisting a load Q . Find the ratio between the forces P and Q in the case of equilibrium of the system. The radii of the two steps of the pulley are r_1 and r_2 as shown in the figure. Neglect friction. (6)



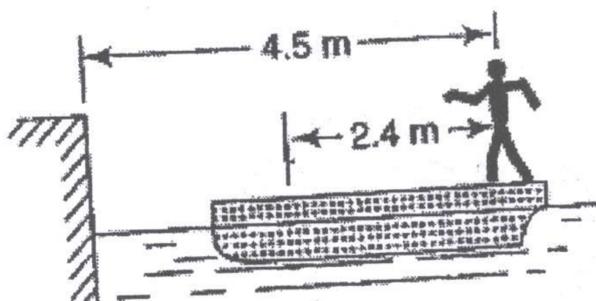
- V. (a) Water drips from a pipe at the uniform rate of n drops per second. Find the distance x between any two adjacent drops as a function of the time t that the trailing drop has been in motion. Neglect air resistance and assume constant acceleration $g = 9.81\text{ m/s}^2$. (7)

- (b) When a ball of weight W rests on a spring of constant k shown as in figure, it produces a static deflection of 25 mm . How much will the same ball compress the spring if it is dropped from a height $h = 0.3\text{ m}$? Neglect the mass of the spring. (8)

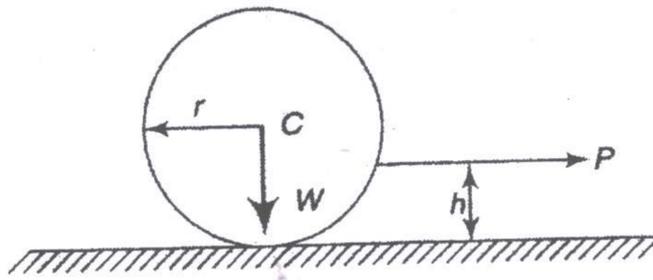


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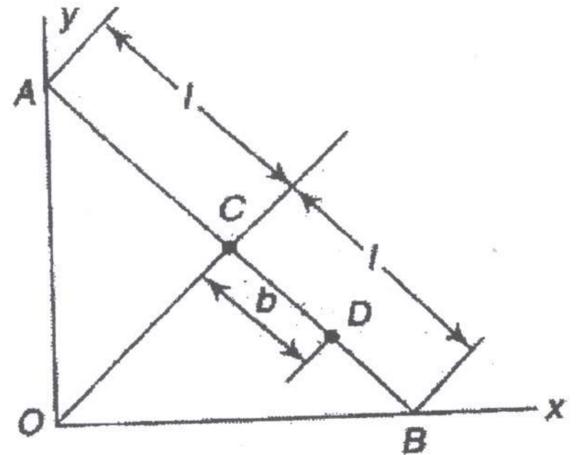
- VI. (a) A man weighing 712 N stands in a boat so that he is 4.5 m from a pier on the shore as in figure. He walks 2.4 m in the boat towards the pier and then stops. How far from the pier will he be at the end of walking? The boat weighs 890 N and there is assumed to be no friction between it and the water. (7)



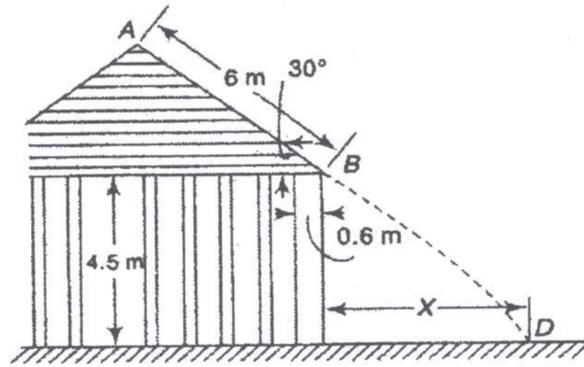
- (b) A homogeneous sphere of radius r and weight W slides along the door under the action of a constant horizontal force P applied to a string, as shown in figure below. Determine the height h during this motion if the coefficient of friction between sphere and floor is μ . (8)



- VII. (a) Prove that the ends A and B of a bar AB of length $2l$ as in figure are constrained to move along the y and x axes, respectively its mid-point C describes a circle of radius l with centre at O while any intermediate point D describes an ellipse with major and minor semi-axes $l+b$ and $l-b$, respectively. (6)

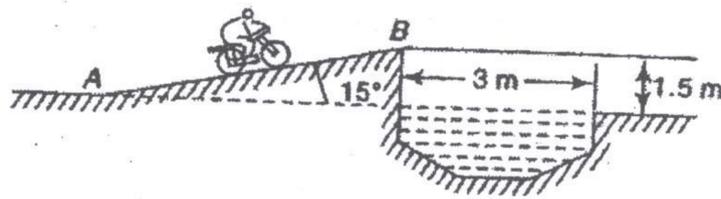


- (b) In figure below, a hammer of weight $W = 8.9 \text{ N}$ starts from rest at A and slides down a roof for which the coefficient of friction is $\mu = 0.2$. Find the distance X to the point D where it hits the ground. (9)

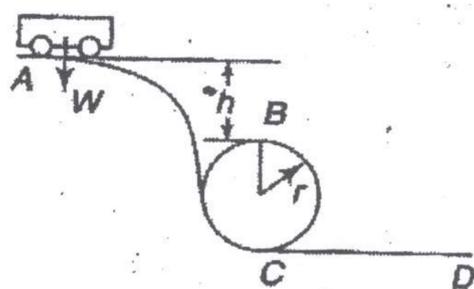


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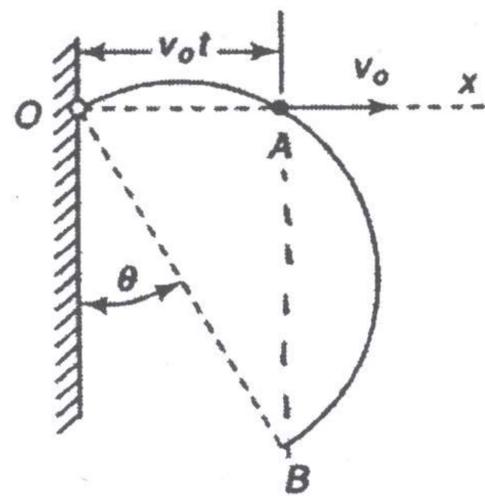
- VIII. (a) Referring to figure calculate the minimum speed v_0 with which a motorcycle stunt rider must leave the 15° ramp at B in order to clear the ditch. (7)



- (b) A small car of weight W starts from rest at A and rolls without friction along the loop ACBD as in the figure. What the least height h above the top of the loop at which the car can start without falling off the track at point B, and for such a starting position what velocity will the car have along the horizontal portion CD of the track? Neglect friction. (8)

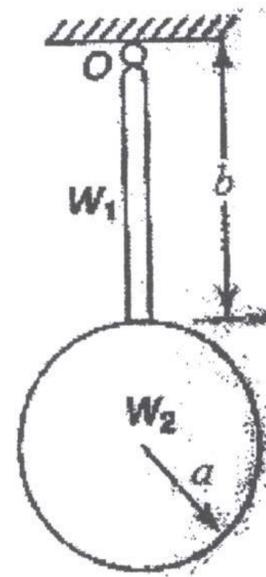


- IX. (a) A slender but rigid semicircular wire of radius r is supported in its own vertical plane by a hinge at 'O' and a smooth peg A as shown in figure. If the peg starts from O and moves with constant speed V_0 along the horizontal x-axis, find the angular velocity $\theta = 60^\circ$.



(5)

- (b) Determine the period of small oscillations of the compound pendulum shown in figure and consisting of a disk suspended by a slender rod if the following numerical data are given: $b=300\text{mm}$, $a=125\text{ mm}$, $W_1=2.225\text{N}$ and $W_2= 13.35\text{N}$



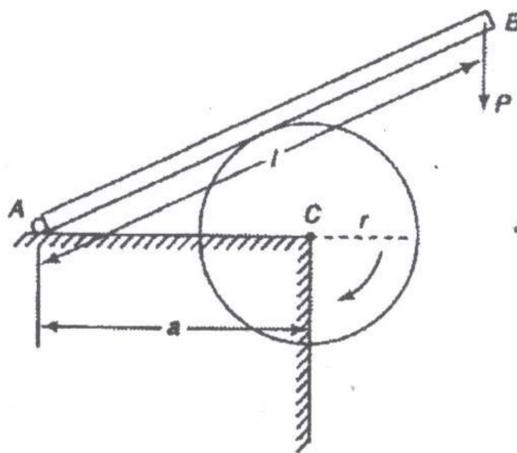
(10)

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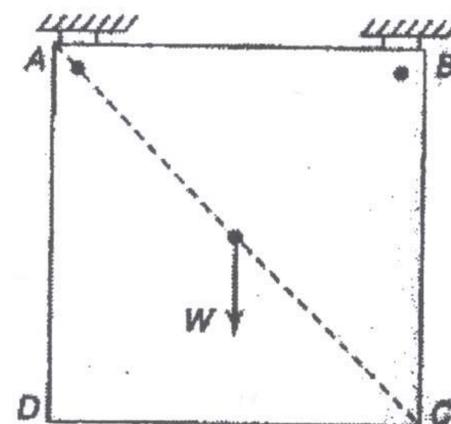
- X. (a) A right circular drum of radius r and weight W rotating at 600 rpm is braked by the device shown in figure K. Develop a formula for the time t required to bring the drum to rest if the coefficient of friction between the drum and breaking bar is μ . The following data are given:

(6)

$$l = 1.2 \text{ m.}, r = 375 \text{ mm}, \mu = 0.25, W = 1780 \text{ N and } P = 445 \text{ N.}$$



- (b) A homogeneous plate 0.3 m square is supported in a vertical plane as shown in figure. If the pin at B is removed, what angular velocity ω will the plate acquire by the time the diagonal AC becomes vertical.



(9)